

297

Diocletian advanced the frontier
from the Euphrates to the Tigris
and carefully administered the 5
new provinces

297

Constantinus defeated ALLIECTUS
and recovered Britanni.

297

Constantine did not immediately carry the campaign to Britain itself, but spent three yrs. making careful preparation, in particular by enlarging his fleet: the great invasion launched in 297 was a two pronged affair. Constantine with one part of his fleet cruised off the coast of Kent, while his praetorian command landed another force near Winchester and marched towards London. A LECTU'S, caught off balance by these divergent tactics, marched

hurriedly to West to meet the invasion but was
defeated & killed near Farnham.

After 10 years of separation Britain was
restored to the Roman empire once more.

C297

Jan Hail

Babylonia

d. 9 HUNA

297

When the tetrarch Galerius (1 of 4 Augusti) attacked the Persians in 297 he was accompanied by Gothic auxiliary troops

From this condition we may infer that the Bastarnic and Carpic war of 295 had ended with a regular Gothic foedus. For one generation until 323 exactly the Goths honored the treaty.

Peace & quiet prevailed along the lower Danube, until the system of tetrarchy

broke down in the civil war between
Constantine & Licinius

297

Constantine I defeated ALLICTIONS
and recovered Britain for the
Roman Empire.

297-8

Wage Salaries (305-311) against
Nurses of Persia (293-302)

297AD

The Romans take Armenia from
the Persians.

Victory in Britain and the east removed the
 greatest threats to the stability of the Roman empire,
 but did not end the almost constant need
 for military action on one front or another.
 Maximian crossed to North Africa to quell
 the troublesome Q U I N Q U E G E N T I A N I. Galerius
 campaigned against Carpi & SARMATIANS on the
 Danube. Constantius won victories over the
 Alemanni on the Rhine. But the major
 military crisis was over and the key innovations

of Diocletian's final years were all in the realm of internal or domestic affairs.

Worsted by Narses in 597, Galerius did not make the same mistake a second time. Within months, with reinforcements from the Danube armies, he launched a surprise on the Persians in Armenia. The Roman victory was total; Narses fled the field but his wives, sisters and children were captured, together with many Persian noblemen. The Treaty which followed was highly favorable to the Romans, who gained control over new territories along

the Upper Tigris. This peace lasted for 40 years.

297

1912 Dates J-BK

Rome

Gderius fought against the
Persians.

In 297 he gained an important
victory against them & extended
the frontiers to the TIGRIS R.

397

1912 Dates J-EK

NARSES, King of Persia
is defeated by ~~the~~ Romans.